AP FRQ

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\cos x - 1}{x^2} & \text{for } x \neq 0\\ -\frac{1}{2} & \text{for } x = 0 \end{cases}$$

- 6. The function f, defined above, has derivatives of all orders. Let g be the function defined by $g(x) = 1 + \int_0^x f(t) dt$.
 - (a) Write the first three nonzero terms and the general term of the Taylor series for $\cos x$ about x = 0. Use this series to write the first three nonzero terms and the general term of the Taylor series for f about x = 0.

(b) Use the Taylor series for f about x = 0 found in part (a) to determine whether f has a relative maximum, relative minimum, or neither at x = 0. Give a reason for your answer.

(c) Write the fifth-degree Taylor polynomial for g about x = 0.

(d) The Taylor series for g about x = 0, evaluated at x = 1, is an alternating series with individual terms that decrease in absolute value to 0. Use the third-degree Taylor polynomial for g about x = 0 to estimate the value of g(1). Explain why this estimate differs from the actual value of g(1) by less than $\frac{1}{6!}$.