$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow c} f(x)=L
$$

means: as $x$ approaches the $x$-value of $c$, the function, $f(x)$, approaches the $y$-value $L$.

In order for $\lim _{x \rightarrow c} f(x)$ to exist,

$\lim _{x \rightarrow c^{-}} f(x)$ has to equal $\lim _{x \rightarrow c^{+}} f(x)$


Examples: Does $\lim _{x \rightarrow c} f(x)$ exist? Explain why or why not.

2)


4)


