

**Derivatives Practice****Understanding Derivatives**

- 1) Given  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2(-1+h)^3+4-(2(-1)^3+4)}{h}$  as an expression for the derivative of  $f(x)$  at  $x = c$ , identify the function  $f(x)$  and the value of  $c$ .
- 2) Given  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{\ln(3x-2)-\ln 10}{x-4}$  as an expression for the derivative of  $g(x)$  at  $x = c$ , identify the function  $g(x)$  and the value of  $c$ .
- 3) An equation for the line tangent to the graph of the function  $f$  at  $x = -2$  is  $y + 4 = \frac{1}{5}(x + 2)$ . What is  $f'(-2)$ ?

**Derivatives Numerically**

- 4) The table below gives select values for the differentiable function  $f$ , find the best estimate for  $f'(12)$  that can be made from the given table.

$x$	6	7	10	13	15
$f(x)$	-1	5	2	-3	-6

**Derivatives using TI-Nspire**

Using your graphing calculator (remember answers need to be with 3 decimal places), given:

- 5)  $f(x) = x^2 e^{\cos x}$ , find  $f'(2)$ .

**Derivatives Analytically (Algebraically)**

- 6) Using the definition of the derivative, find the derivative of the function  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 4$ .
- 7) Using the definition of the derivative, find the  $g'(3)$  where  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ .
- 8) Using the alternate form of the derivative, find slope of the tangent line to  $h(x) = \sqrt{x}$  at  $x = 4$ .