

3.2 Differentiability

Stating a function is **differentiable** at a point means:

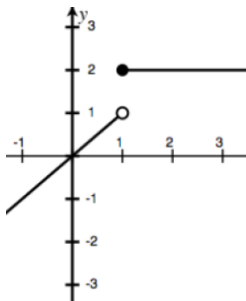
- able to differentiate
- able to get the derivative
- can find the slope of the tangent line
- can find the slope of the curve at a given point

When is a function **NOT differentiable**?

A function is **NOT differentiable** at $x = c$, when

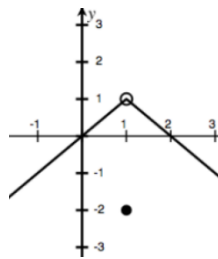
- ① the function is NOT continuous @ $x = c$.
(jumps, holes, or vertical asymptotes)

“Jump”



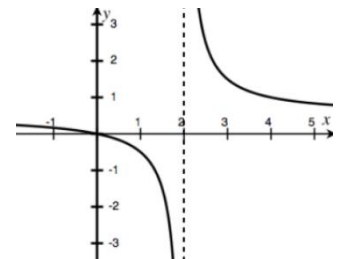
Graph of $f(x)$

“Hole”

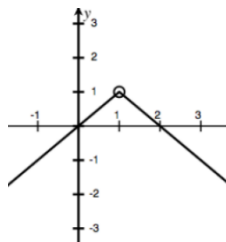


Graph of $g(x)$

“Vertical Asymptote”



Graph of $f(x)$



Graph of $h(x)$

② the function's derivative from the left of c is not equal to the function's derivative from the right of c . (sharp turn)

$$g(x) = |2x + 2|$$

③ the function's derivative is $\pm\infty$. (tangent line is vertical)

$$h(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-3} + 2$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + 2$$