

3.6]

Slopes of Parametric Curves (Parametrized)

- Same as slope of $\frac{dy}{dx}$

$$x = f(t) \quad y = g(t)$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = f'(t) \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = g'(t)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{dt}}{\frac{dx}{dt}} = \frac{dy}{dt} \cdot \frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

e.g. $x = 2\cos t \quad y = 2\sin t \quad @ \quad t = \pi/4$. Find eq of tangent line

$$\begin{aligned} x(\frac{\pi}{4}) &= 2\cos \frac{\pi}{4} & y(\frac{\pi}{4}) &= 2\sin \frac{\pi}{4} \\ &= 2(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) & &= 2(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \\ &= \sqrt{2} & &= \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\ y - \sqrt{2} &= -1(x - \sqrt{2}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{dt}}{\frac{dx}{dt}} = \frac{2\cos t}{-2\sin t}$$

$$\left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{t=\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{2\cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{-2\sin \frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{2(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})}{-2(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{-\sqrt{2}} = -1$$

Slopes of Polar Curves

- Same as slope $\rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx}$

- convert from polar to rectangular (Cartesian)

$$x = r\cos\theta$$

$$y = r\sin\theta$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = -r\sin\theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = r\cos\theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{d\theta}}{\frac{dx}{d\theta}} = \frac{\frac{dy}{d\theta}}{\frac{d\theta}{dx}} \cdot \frac{d\theta}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dx}$$



$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{r\cos\theta}{-r\sin\theta}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\cot\theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$

dimension

ex: Find the slope of the curve $r = 2\sin 3\theta$
at $\theta = \pi/6$ and write eq. of tangent line.

$$x = r\cos\theta$$

$$y = r\sin\theta$$

$$x = 2\sin(3\theta)\cos\theta$$

$$y = 2\sin 3\theta \sin\theta$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = \cos\theta [2\cos(3\theta) \cdot 3] + 2\sin 3\theta (-\sin\theta)$$

$$= 6\cos\theta \cos 3\theta - 2\sin 3\theta \sin\theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = \sin\theta [2\cos(3\theta) \cdot 3] + 2\sin 3\theta \cdot \cos\theta$$

$$= 6\sin\theta \cos 3\theta + 2\sin 3\theta \cos\theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy/d\theta}{dx/d\theta} = \frac{6\sin\theta \cos 3\theta + 2\sin 3\theta \cos\theta}{6\cos\theta \cos 3\theta - 2\sin 3\theta \sin\theta}$$

$\frac{3\pi}{6}$
 $\frac{\pi}{2}$

$$\left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{\theta=\frac{\pi}{6}} = \frac{6(\frac{1}{2})(0) + 2(1)\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)}{6\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)(0) - 2(1)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{-1} = -\sqrt{3} \text{ slope of the curve}$$