**m 1.** The temperature outside a house during a 24-hour period is given by:

$$F(t) = 80 - 10\cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{12}\right), \ 0 \le t \le 24,$$

where F(t) is measured in degrees Fahrenheit and t is measured in hours.

(b) Find the average temperature, to the nearest degree Fahrenheit, between t = 6 and t = 14.

- 2. Water is pumped into an underground tank at a constant rate of 8 gallons per minute. Water leaks out of the tank at the rate of  $\sqrt{t+1}$  gallons per minute, for  $0 \le t \le 120$  minutes. At time t = 0, the tank contains 30 gallons of water.
  - (a) What is the average number of gallons that leak out of the tank in the first three minutes?

**EXAMPLE 3.** The rate at which water flows out of a pipe, in gallons per hour, is given by a differentiable function *R* of time *t*. The rate of water flow R(t) can be approximated by  $Q(t) = \frac{1}{79}(768 + 23t - t^2)$ . Use Q(t) to approximate the average rate of water flow during the 24-hour time period. Indicate units of measure.

■4. The temperature, in degrees Celsius (°C), of the water in a pond is a differentiable function *W* of time *t*. A student proposes the function *P*, given by  $P(t) = 20 + 10te^{(-t/3)}$ , as a model for the temperature of the water in the poind at time *t*, where *t* is measured in days and P(t) is measured in degrees Celsius. Find the average value, in degrees Celsius, of P(t) over the time interval  $0 \le t \le 15$  days.