

7.4 Partial Fractions

Target 8G: Decompose rational expressions into partial fractions

Review of Prior Concepts

Simplify.

1. $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{21}{4}$

2. $\frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{x-2}$

More Practice**Simplifying Rational Expressions**<http://www.mathplanet.com/education/algebra-1/rational-expressions/add-and-subtract-rational-expressions><http://www.purplemath.com/modules/rtnladd.htm><https://www.khanacademy.org/math/algebra2/rational-expressions-equations-and-functions#adding-and-subtracting-rational-expressions><https://youtu.be/XTZl7Kn6u4Y>https://youtu.be/y_DweTAEYWk**Partial Fraction Decomposition**

To decompose a fraction – write one fraction as the sum/difference of 2 or more fractions.

Example:

Write the terms for partial fraction decomposition of: $\frac{x-3}{x^2+3x}$

① Factor the denominator.

② Write each factor in its own fraction w/numerator as function that is one degree less than denominator.

*More Examples:***Write the terms for partial fraction decomposition of each:**

1. $\frac{x-14}{x^2-4}$

2. $\frac{4x+4}{x^3+2x^2}$

$$3. \frac{3x^2+4}{(x-3)(x+5)(x^2+1)}$$

$$4. \frac{5x^3-10x^2-5x-5}{(x^2+9)(x^2+4)}$$

Decompose the fraction*Example:*

Decompose: $\frac{x-3}{x^2+3x}$

- ① Factor the denominator.
- ② Write each factor in its own fraction w/numerator as function that is one degree less than denominator.
- ③ Solve for the constants: A,B,C, etc.
- ④ Write original fraction as decomposed fractions (partial fractions)

*More Examples:***Decompose each fraction.**

1. $\frac{x-14}{x^2-4}$

2. $\frac{7x-7}{x^2-3x-10}$

More Practice**Partial Fraction Decomposition**<http://www.purplemath.com/modules/partfrac.htm><https://www.mathsisfun.com/algebra/partial-fractions.html><https://youtu.be/O14kJpRMY08><https://youtu.be/bqf42x6nZoo>**Homework Assignment**

p.612 #1-11 odd