## What will students learn in this course?

| Key Concept Semester 1 | Standards (Students will be able to) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Functions | 1A. Find extrema, zeroes, in odd or even functions |
|  | 1B. Analyze functions using specific properties |
|  | 1C. Build functions from functions |
|  | 1D. Identify and analyze the parent functions |
|  | 1E. Rigid and non-rigid transformation of quadratic, cubic, square root, and absolute value functions |
|  | 1F. Model real world situations and use regressions with the use of functions |
| Polynomials and Rational Functions | 2A. Graph and solve quadratic functions |
|  | 2B. Graph, solve, and analyze polynomial functions |
|  | 2C. Find real and complex zeroes of polynomials by synthetic and long division |
|  | 2D. Construct polynomials given real or complex zeroes |
|  | 2E. Understand the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra |
|  | 2F. Graph, solve, and analyze rational functions |
| Exponential and Logarithmic Functions | 3A. Identify and analyze properties of exponential, logarithmic, and logistic functions and their graphs |
|  | 3B. Know and understand the inverse relationships of exponential and logarithmic equations |
|  | 3C. Understand properties of common and natural logarithmic functions |
|  | 3D. Rigid and non-rigid transformation of exponential and logarithmic functions |
|  | 3E. Know and apply product, quotient and power rules of logarithmic functions |
|  | 3F. Model real world situations and use regressions with the use of functions |
|  | 3G. Solve real-world applications using exponential and logarithmic functions |
| Analytic Geometry | 4A. Investigate the geometric properties of parabolas |
|  | 4B. Derive the standard equation of a parabola and graph given two or three criterion |
|  | 4C. Investigate the geometric properties of ellipses |
|  | 4D. Derive the standard equation of an ellipse and graph given two or three criterion |
|  | 4E. Investigate the geometric properties of hyperbolas |
|  | 4F. Derive the standard equation of a hyperbola and graph given two or three criterion |
| Key Concept Semester 2 | Standards (Students will be able to) |
| Trigonometric Functions | 5A. Describe and convert between radian and degree measure |
|  | 5B. Generate the unit circle from special right triangles |
|  | 5C. Evaluate the trigonometric functions and expressions using the unit circle |
|  | 5D. Use reference angles to evaluate trigonometric ratios given specific constraints |
|  | 5E. Rigid and non-rigid transformations of sinusoids |
|  | 5F. Evaluate inverse and composite trigonometric functions and expressions using the unit circle |


| Analytic Trigonometry | 6A. Verify, evaluate, and apply trigonometric identities and formulas |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 6B. Prove trigonometric identities |
|  | 6C. Solve equations using trigonometric identities |
|  | 6D. Use Law of Sines and Law of Cosines to solve triangles |
| Discrete Mathematics | 7A. Expand the power of a binomial using the Binomial Theorem |
|  | 7B. Generate and identify the explicit rule for arithmetic sequences and series |
|  | 7C. Generate and identify the explicit rule for geometric sequences and series |
|  | 7D. Calculate the sums of finite and infinite series |
| Vectors \& Matrices | 8A. Perform vector operations: scalar multiple and sums and represent them graphically |
|  | 8B. Perform vector operations: magnitude, direction angle, and unit vector |
|  | 8C. Calculate and use properties of the Dot Product |
|  | 8D. Apply properties of vectors to real life situations |
|  | 8E. Represent a system of linear equations as a single matrix equation in a vector variable |
|  | 8 F . Find the inverse of a matrix, if it exists, and use it to solve systems of linear equations |
|  | 8G. Decompose rational expressions into partial fractions |
| Limits | 9A. Evaluate a limit of a function algebraically |
|  | 9B. Evaluate a limit of a function numerically |
|  | 9C. Evaluate a limit of a function graphically |
|  | 9D. Calculate one-sided limits and two-sided limits |
|  | 9E. Use and apply the limit definition of continuity |

## How will we know students have learned it?

| Grade <br> Scale | A- Advanced/Exemplary | B- Proficient | C- Basic | D- Needs Improvement | E- Not Passing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $4.0-5.0$ | $3.0-3.9$ | $2.0-2.9$ | $1.0-1.9$ | $0.0-0.9$ |


| Kеу concept Weights | Semester 1 |  | Semester 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Functions | 20\% | Trigonometric Functions | 16\% |
|  | Polynomials and Rational Functions | 20\% | Analytic Trigonometry | 16\% |
|  | Exponential and Logarithmic Functions | 20\% | Discrete Mathematics | 16\% |
|  | Analytic Geometry | 20\% | Vectors \& Matrices | 16\% |
|  |  |  | Limits | 16\% |
|  | Semester 1 exam | 20.00\% | Semester 2 Exam | 20.00\% |

Within each key concept, assignments will be graded according to the following weights:

| Assignment <br> Categories | CA: Common Summative Assessment (Comprehensive key concept exam) | $60 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | FA: Formative Assignments (Homework, In-class assignments, etc.; varies) | $30 \%$ |

Formative assignments are $10 \%$ in each key concept because students should not be unduly penalized for mistakes during the learning process. The grade is primarily based on mastery of standards, and mastery is demonstrated on assessments.

## Pre-Calculus Homework Assignment Rubric

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| more than 3 homework assignments missing or more than 4 incomplete for the Unit | 3 missing homework assignments or 4 incomplete homework assignments for the Unit | 2 missing homework assignments or 3 incomplete homework assignments for the Unit | 1 missing homework assignment or <br> 2 incomplete homework assignments for the Unit | 1 incomplete homework assignment for the Unit | all homework assignments accurately completed with proper notation for the Unit |

Definitions
Missing Assignment - student did not complete for discussion that day
Incomplete Assignment - student did not complete more than one problem

| Course | What must every student pass to earn credit for the course? Student must pass every key concept <br> with a 1.0 to earn course credit. |
| :---: | :--- |
|  | What must every student complete to earn credit for the course? Students must complete every <br> classroom test, quiz, and project in order to earn credit for the course. |
|  | What other requirements must every student meet? Students must complete 4 key concepts 1 $1^{\text {st }}$ <br> semester and 5 key concepts $2^{\text {nd }}$ semester. |

Students who do not meet these requirements will receive an I (incomplete) for the semester. If requirements are not met within three weeks after the semester, the student will earn a grade of $E$.

## What will we do when students aren't learning?

## Additional Help

Students who are not passing the course are expected to seek extra help. In addition, any student who wants to improve his or her performance and grade is encouraged to ask for support.

- Room 351 at $7 \mathrm{am}-7: 55 \mathrm{am}$ (except on late start days), 2:40pm-6 pm (except on Fridays b/c of Mathletes)
- NHS and/or Supervisory tutoring
- Math Lab (Room 112)
- Parent Liaison: Mr. Joshua Galvan
> 708-780-4000 ext. 2009
> JoshuaGalvan@jsmorton.org


## Re-do/Re-Take

Students are eligible and expected to re-do projects, quizzes, and tests that do not meet or exceed standards:

- Retake mandatory: $0.0 \leq$ key concept score $<1.0$
- Retake suggested: key concept score $\geq 1.0$

Daily assignments may be eligible for re-do only at the teacher's discretion.
Students will be provided one opportunity for re-do on a given item, with any additional attempts at the teacher's discretion.

- IA: Students must retake interim assessments at least one day prior to the common summative assessment, and must attend at least 1 study session with their teacher to be eligible for the retake.
- CA: Students must retake common summative assessments on the school-wide designated retake date, and must attend a study session with their teacher at least 2 days prior to the retake date in order to be eligible for the retake.

The maximum grade earned shall be full credit, given the original item is submitted on time with full effort. The teacher has the discretion to return any item, ungraded, that is incomplete or does not demonstrate full effort. That item will be subject to the teacher's late work policy, with the final grade reflecting any loss of credit due to late or incomplete submission.

## What will we do when students have already learned it?

Students who master the standards before the end of the key concept will be offered enrichment assignments or projects to extend their learning. Students who decline are expected to complete required key concept assignments and assessments. Students are also encouraged to join Mathletes and/or take the IML math competitions in order to extend their knowledge of challenging topics. The dates of contests are posted on the classroom bulletin board.

## Procedures/Student Expectations

- Students are expected to carry on with the key concept assignment schedule, even when they are absent. Students are encouraged to use the textbook and class webpage as a resource to learn the content that was missed.
- Daily class participation is expected. Parents and students are strongly encouraged to use Skyward Family Access to be informed on students' progress.


## TI-Nspire Graphing Calculators

Graphing calculators are an integral part of Pre-Calculus and AP Calculus. The Texas Instrument TI-NSpire CX (CX stands for color) is the suggested graphing calculator. Alternative graphing calculators would be the $\mathrm{TI}-83+$ or $\mathrm{TI}-84$. These can be purchased at local stores or online.

A free on-line graphing calculator can be accessed at www.desmos.com.

Notice: The TI-Nspire CAS (CAS stands for computer algebra system) and TI-89 ARE NOT allowed for the ACT, but are allowed for the AP exam.

## Procedures/Student Expectations

- Students are expected to inquire about missed learning/assignments immediately upon return from an absence.
- Daily class participation is expected. Parents and students are strongly encouraged to use Skyward Family Access to be informed on students' progress.
- Students must have a pencil and a binder.
- Learn as best as you can every minute of every day and encourage others to do the same.


## Key Concept 1 Proficiency Scale: Functions

| $\mathbf{5 . 0}$ | The student who earns a 5.0 in this key concept has shown high level performance. The student's work is not only clear, <br> precise, and well-reasoned, but insightful as well. Essential terms and key concepts are mastered at all levels: Basic, <br> Proficient, and Advanced. The 5.0 student consistently raises questions and issues, analyzes questions and problems <br> clearly and precisely, clarifies key concepts competently, identifies relevant competing points of view, and reasons <br> carefully from clearly stated premises in a subject. Problem-solving within real-world applications displays a unique level <br> of reasoning. They construct inferences and applications that go beyond what was taught. <br> The student has mastered Basic- and Proficient-level understanding for all 6 Learning Targets. The student displays <br> complete understanding of Advanced-Level tasks. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 . 0}$ | The student who earns a 4.0 in this key concept has comprehensive thinking and performance. The student's work is, the <br> vast majority of the time, clear, precise, and well-reasoned, and has some depth of insight. Essential terms and key <br> concepts are learned at a level which implies mastery of all Basic- and Proficient-level standards. The 4.0 student regularly <br> raises questions and issues, analyzes questions and problems clearly and precisely, clarifies key concepts competently, <br> often identifies relevant competing points of view, and reasons carefully from clearly stated premises in a subject. <br> Problem-solving within real-world applications displays thorough reasoning. |
| The student has mastered Basic- and Proficient-level understanding for all 6 Learning Targets. The student displays <br> partial understanding of Advanced-Level tasks. |  |
| $\mathbf{T h e ~ s t u d e n t ~ w h o ~ e a r n s ~ a ~ 3 . 0 ~ i n ~ t h i s ~ k e y ~ c o n c e p t ~ h a s ~ s o u n d ~ t h i n k i n g ~ a n d ~ p e r f o r m a n c e . ~ T h e ~ s t u d e n t ' s ~ w o r k ~ i s , ~ t h e ~ m a j o r i t y ~}$ |  |
| of the time, clear, precise, and well-reasoned, but does not have depth of insight. Essential terms and key concepts are |  |
| learned at a level which implies comprehension of Basic-level concepts and standards. The 3.0 student often raises |  |
| questions and issues, analyzes questions and problems clearly and precisely, clarifies key concepts competently, |  |
| sometimes identifies relevant competing points of view, and demonstrates the beginnings of a commitment to reason |  |
| carefully from clearly stated premises in a subject. Problem-solving within real-world applications displays sound |  |
| reasoning. |  |
| The student can demonstrate Basic-level understanding for all 6 Learning Targets and Proficient-Level understanding in |  |
| most Learning Targets. |  |


| Key Concept | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.A. Find extrema and zeroes in odd or even functions. | Student can demonstrate and justify finding extrema and/or zeros with complete accuracy, using correct notation. | Student can demonstrate or justify finding all extrema and zeros with complete accuracy. | Student can find all extrema and zeroes in a numeric, algebraic, or graphic manner. | Student can find multiple, but not all extrema and zeroes correctly with no demonstration or justification. | Student can find one extrema or zero correctly. | Student makes no attempt or limited attempt. |
| 1.B. Analyze functions using specific properties. | Student can demonstrate and justify analyzing functions with complete accuracy, using correct notation. | Student can demonstrate or justify analyzing all properties with complete accuracy. | Student can analyze all properties correctly in a numeric, algebraic, or graphic manner. | Student is able to analyze multiple, but not all properties correctly. | Student is able to analyze one specific property correctly. | Student makes no attempt or limited attempt. |
| 1.C. Build functions from functions. | Student can demonstrate and justify building functions with complete accuracy, using correct notation. | Student can demonstrate or justify building functions with complete accuracy. | Student can build a function correctly in a numeric, algebraic, or graphic manner. | Student can build a function partially using the appropriate method. | Student can initiate the process of building a function. | Student makes no attempt or limited attempt. |
| 1.D. Identify and analyze the parent functions. | Student can demonstrate and justify identifying/analyzing parent functions with complete accuracy, using correct notation. | Student can demonstrate or justify identifying/analyzing parent functions with complete accuracy. | Student can correctly identify/analyze parent functions in a numeric, algebraic, or graphic manner. | Student can identify the parent function and partially analyze. | Student can identify the parent function with no analysis. | Student makes no attempt or limited attempt. |
| 1.E. Rigid and non-rigid transformation of quadratic, cubic, square root, and absolute value functions. | Student can demonstrate and justify multi-step tranformations of functions with complete accuracy, using correct notation. | Student can demonstrate or justify multi-step tranformations of functions with complete accuracy. | Student can correctly perform multi-step transformations of functions in a numeric, algebraic, or graphic manner. | Student can partially perform multi-step transformations of functions. | Student can perform one step transformations of functions. | Student makes no attempt or limited attempt. |
| 1.F. Model real world situations and use regressions with the use of functions. | Student can demonstrate and justify modeling and use of regression with complete accuracy, using correct notation and proper labeling on the graphs. | Student can demonstrate or justify modeling and use of regression with complete accuracy. | Student can correctly model situations and use regression in a numeric, algebraic, or graphic manner. | Student can partially model situations and use regression. | Student can initiate the process of modeling situations and using regression. | Student makes no attempt or limited attempt. |

